







Simulating Uninhabited Combat Aircraft in Hostile Environments

P. Morignot, P. Fabiani, J.-F. Gabard, B. Patin and S. Millet









Motivation

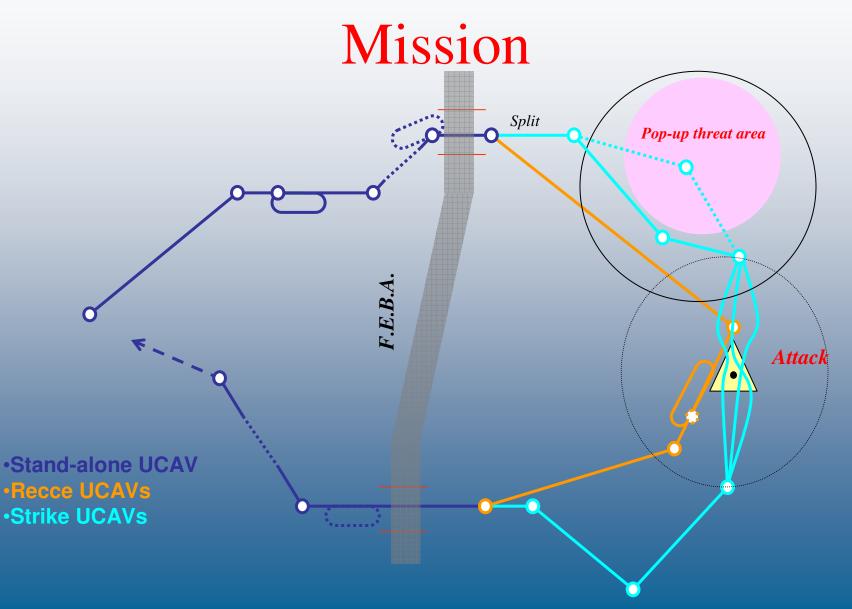
- Less dangerous situations for pilots.
- Cutting-down aircraft cost.
- Uninhabited Combat Aircraft Vehicles (UCAVs) have been studied for 25 years.
- French initiative over the last years, funded by the D.G.A. (the French ARPA).



















Goals

- Simulation of the ground and air environment.
- Pseudo real-time, distributed.
- Reasoning under time stress.
- Collaboration among UCAVs.

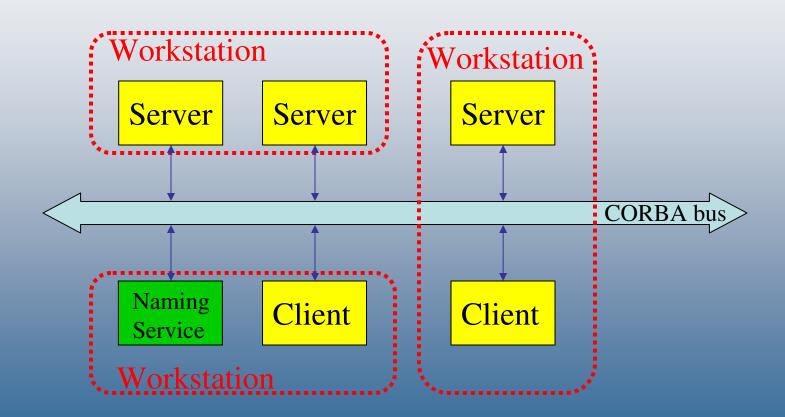








Simulation environment: Athéna



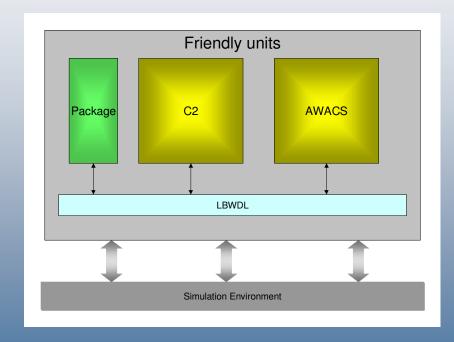


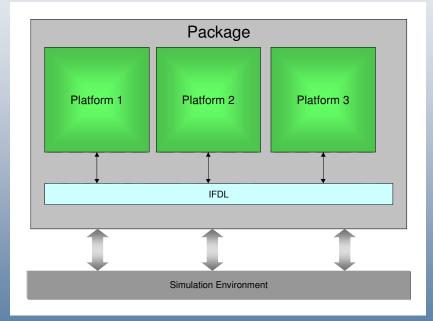






Objects and package models





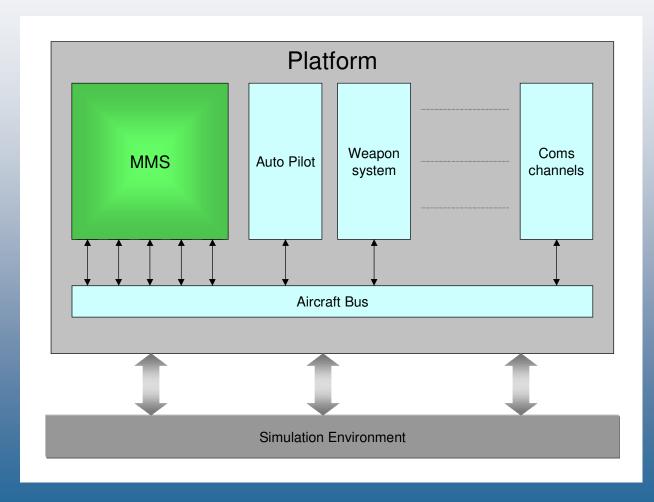








Aircraft model



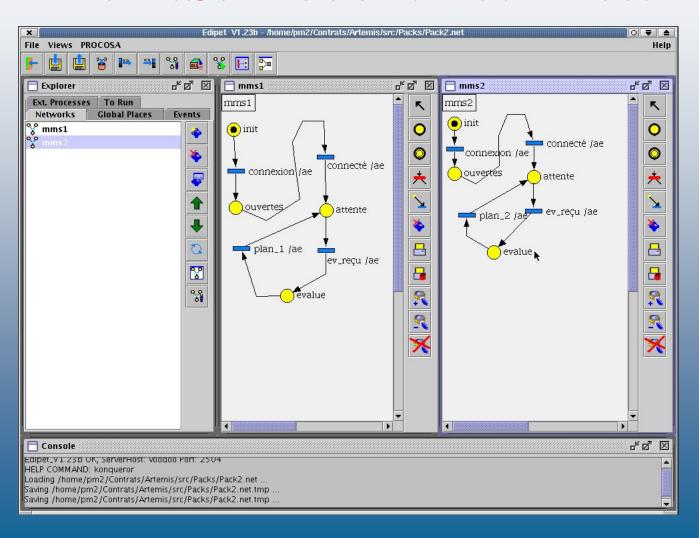








M.M.S. model: Petri nets











Experiments



(1) Take-off

- (2) Pop-up threat (3) Intermediate detection
 - attack









Conclusion

- Work in progress (end in April 2006).
 - Simulation from end to end of the main components using Petri nets.
 - Early experimental results exhibit encouraging MMS behavior.
- Open issues :
 - "Anytime" algorithms for reasoning under time stress.
 - Conjecture elaboration for collaboration.
 - High Level Architecture (HLA) for pseudo real-time simulation.
- Future project: porting the models on 3 small real aircraft.